Turbulent Times, Resilient Region

A major passageway between North and South campaigns, Appalachia faced constant invasion by troops and assault from guerilla warfare. Residents confronted divided lovalties, persecution, suffering, strife, famine and loss. An independent spirit, sense of humor and random acts of kindness helped Appalachians persevere. These stories champion unlikely heroes, inspiring leaders, industrious individuals, compassionate souls, and strong families hoping for a better future. Out of adversity came innovations, resolve, fortitude and a belief in honor and tradition that defines Appalachia today. www.visitappalachia.com



Occupied Territory

The Union army converted this 1860 train station into a makeshift prison for Confederate soldiers, then as a Northern base of operations. On the third floor, graffiti from soldiers of both sides can be seen. Grounds also include steam engines, rail cars.



Helping Hand

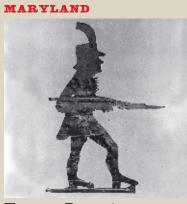
John Glen's grist mill and woolen hat factory helped supply the armies, but also provided shelled corn and meal for Confederate Army soldier's wives and widows. See artifacts from Glen's commerce and other farming equipment on display at the center.

KENTUCKY



From the Front Porch

H.P. Bottom House, Perryville Battlefield, KY Henry Bottom owned the land where most of the battle occurred. The house still shows scars of war: **NEW YORK** bullet holes in the walls; blood stained floors from tending the wounded. After the battle, Bottom and his slaves buried the Confederate dead in two mass graves-now Perryville Battlefield State Park.



Target Practice

"Little Heiskell," Hagerstown's symbolic weathervane (shaped like a Hessian soldier) atop City Hall, could not escape war's violence; a Rebel sharpshooter used it for target practice, shooting it through the heart. The weathervane now resides in the Jonathan Hager House and Museum.

MISSISSIPPI



Powerful Place

Historic Downtown - West Point, MS William Rooker (Union) and John during battle, decided to shake nands and part in peace. Admirng the land, Rooker returned to West Point after the war. The two oldiers renewed their friendship. milies joined in marriage and Rooker's grandson became Mayor Descendents of both families still



Dedicated to Service

Zebulon served in the U.S. Congress before leading North Carolina's Confederate Home Guards and election as governor in 1862. Robert commanded Confederate forces until his capture in 1864. After the war, Robert served in the U.S. House of Representatives.



Paying Respect

Woodlawn Cemetery - Elmira, NY When the Elmira Civil War Prison Camp opened in 1864, John W. Jones – a former slave and the local Underground Railroad Station master – served as superintendent of Woodlawn Cemetery. Jones supervised the burial of dead Confederate soldiers-2,973 by war's end. Because of his meticulous records on each of the prisoners, Woodlawn Cemetery was designated a



Tale of Two Coats

Ross County Heritage Center - Chillicothe, OH Brigadier General Sill met with Brigadier General Sheridan one night to discuss military strategy. When leaving, Sill mistakenly took Sheridan's coat. Sill was killed in battle the next day, but Sheridan wearing Sill's coat – never suffered Young (Confederate) met by chance personal injury. See both coats at



Fueling the War

When cotton profits from the South disappeared, the north replaced those lost revenues with oil production. Taxes placed on crude and refined oil raised over \$7 million for the Union. The oil lubricated rothers Zebulon and Robert Vance railroads, provided kerosene for devoted their lives to public service. lighting and supplies, and fueled the north's burgeoning industrial



Continuing Education Cherrydale, Furman University

-Greenville, SC When war forced closure of men's colleges, James Clement Furman opened his campus to young women. The Greenville Baptist Female College thrived, often paying for tuition with bacon, sugar or lard. In 1862, students helped convert a campus building into an overnight rest home for Confederate soldiers. His home is open for tours. Secret Service

APPALACHIAN REGION OF THE UNITED STATES

Appalachian Region

The Appalachian Region,

ork to northern Mississippi.

as defined by Congress, is a 205,000-squaremile region that follows the spine of the

Appalachian Mountains from southern New

The Old Mill - Pigeon Forge, TN Local unionists set up a secret garment factory on the second floor of this mill. Looms produced cloth for uniforms, while women sewed shoes for both Federal soldiers and the Tennessee Home Guard. The mill is now a restaurant.



Tending the Sick

The Tavern Restaurant - Abingdon, VA Built in 1779, the Tavern has had many lives-as a bank, bakery and the town's first post office. During the Civil War, it was a small hospital for Confederate and Union soldiers. Charcoal numbers drawn to designate patients' beds are still evident on the plastered walls in the attic.



Command

CORINTH, MS

Brices Cross Roads

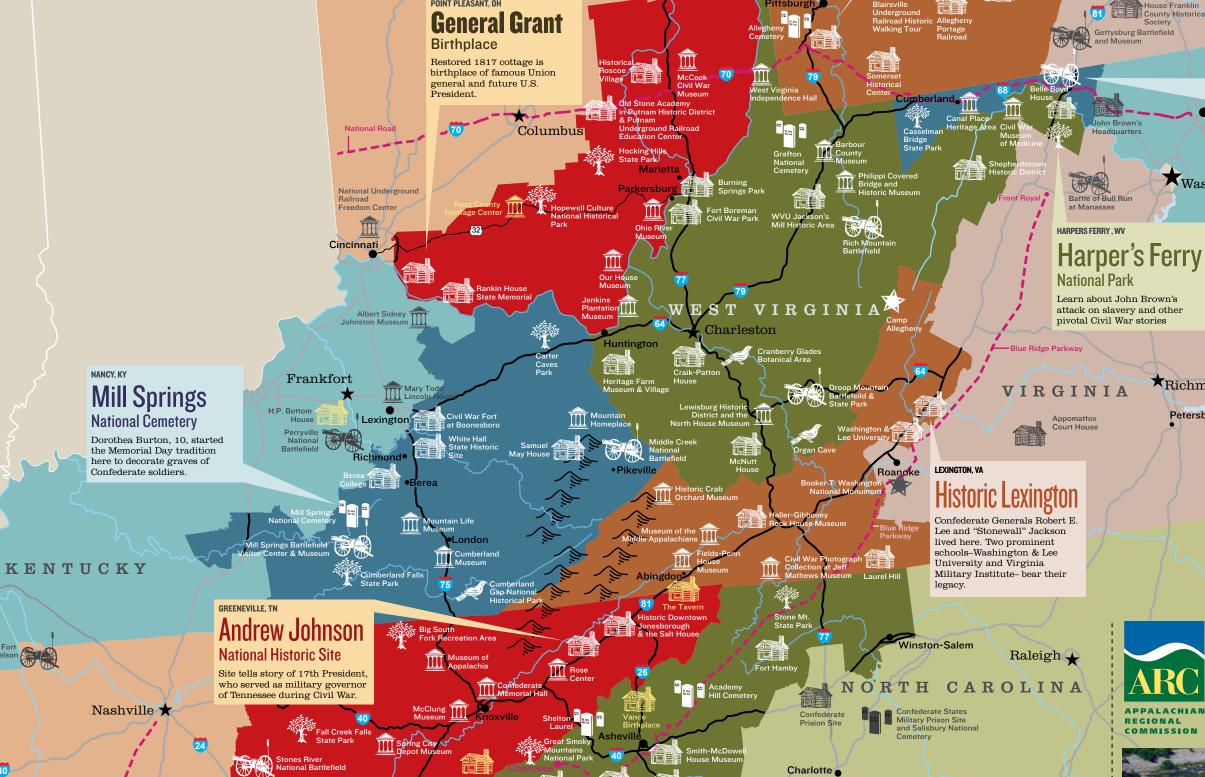
Major General Nathan Bedford Forrest's significant, but costly,

National Battlefield Site

Performance McNutt House - Princeton, West Virginia Future U.S. Presidents Rutherford B Haves and William McKinley both chose this house as their headquarters. Fearing looting Union troops, confederate supporter Mrs. McNutt stood on the front porch and pleaded successfully with officers to spare the house from fire.

Each of the stories above are located

TENNESSEE

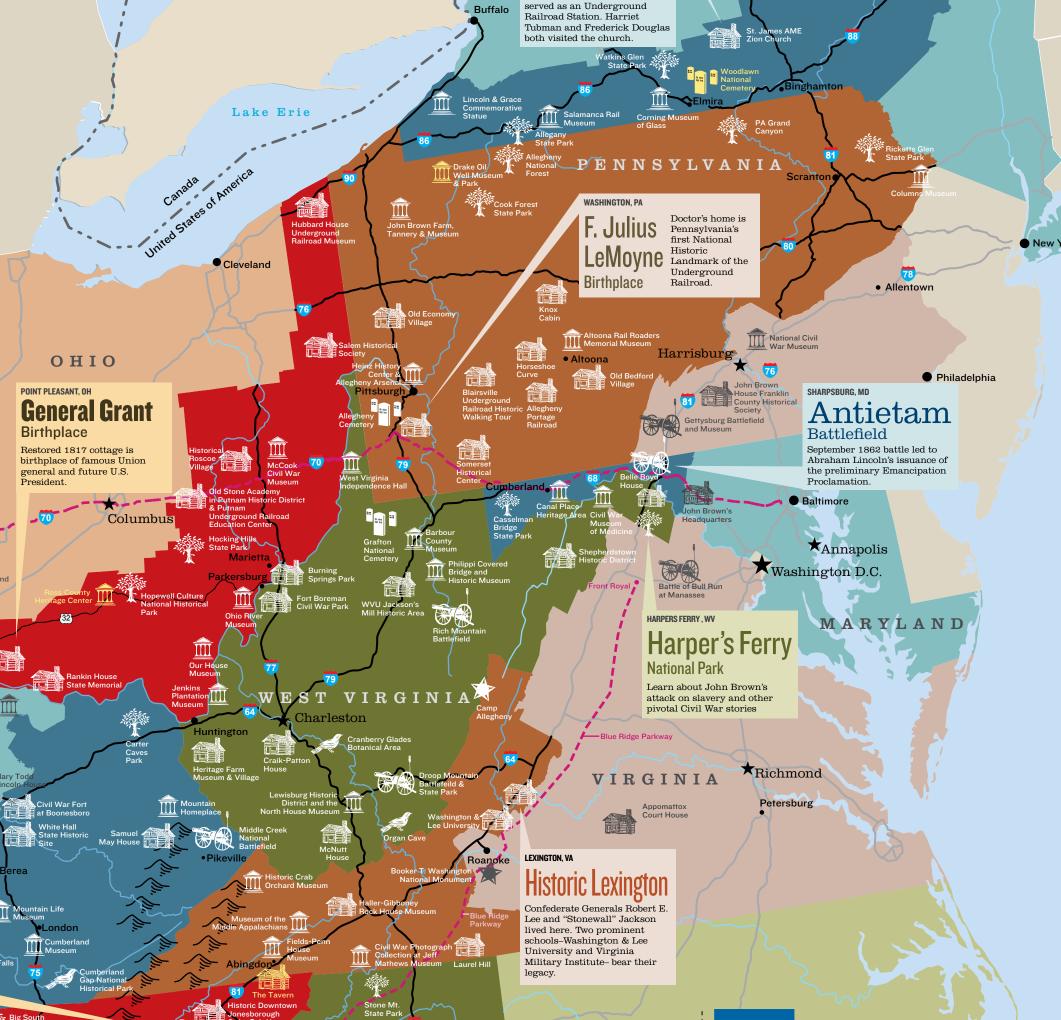


GREENVILLE, SC

History

Museum and Library of Confederate

Free museum sponsored by the 16th South Carolina



Connemara

Poet Carl Sandburg lived in this estate, built in 1838 by Christopher Gustavus

Memminger-the First

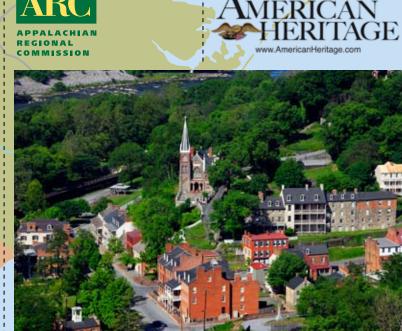
SOUTHCAROLINA

Treasury Secretary for the Confederate States.

Lake Ontario

St.James

AME ZION CHURCH Built in 1836, the church



NEW YORK

Key to Map Icons

State Park

Civil War Battlefield

Natural Park

Historical Site

Parkway

not the precise geographic location.

For the better legility the icons are larger than

actual scale. They mark the general area only and



Troop movements and battles blazed across Appalachia during the Civil War. The five-year conflict affected all people-white, black, free, slave, immigrant, native, Confederate, Union. Away from the battles and battlefields, this guide shares stories from the front porch, the living room and main street. The personal accounts chronicle hardship and triumph, loss and sacrifice, joy and relief, and depicting a place and a people transformed by the actions of 150 years ago. www.visitappalachia.com

national cemetery. Credits: The Appalachian Regional Commission thanks the people of Appalachia for their support and contribution to this project. Particular gratitude is extended to the ARC Tourism Advisory Council for their leadership and guidance in developing the Home Front Guide. Editor: Cheryl Hargrove Designer: C&G Partners LLC

MISSISSIPPI

Jackson

ALABAMA

"Pond Spring"

Estate of General Joseph Wheeler, who served both the

federate and Union, and

GEORGIA

CATOOSA, WALKER & DADE COUNTY, GA

& Chattanooga

NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

Key 1863 Battle along banks of

Chickamauga Creek; victor won

Chickamauga